

Agromet Advisory Bulletin for the District, Kozhikode (Valid from 03.05.2025to 07.05.2025)



. (Issued jointly by Kerala Agricultural University Regional Agricultural Research Station Pilicode& India Meteorological Department)

Bulletin Number:Pilicode/ Kkd -35/2025 Date: 02/05/2025

A. Weather Summary of preceding Four days

| Rainfall, mm | Max. temp., ⁰C | Min. temp., °C | R. H., % | Wind speed, Km/h |
|--------------|----------------|----------------|----------|------------------|
| 4.0 | 33.6 - 36.6 | 25.4 - 27.8 | 56 - 91 | 00 - 10 |

B.Weather forecast for next five days

| Parameters | 03-05-2025 | 04-05-2025 | 05-05-2025 | 06-05-2025 | 07-05-2025 |
|---------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Average Rainfall, mm | 4 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 4 |
| Max. Temp, °C | 34 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 |
| Min. Temp,°C | 27 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 |
| Max. Relative Humidity, % | 88 | 88 | 88 | 88 | 88 |
| Min. Relative Humidity, % | 64 | 64 | 64 | 64 | 64 |
| Wind speed,km/h | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Wind direction, degrees | 250 | 320 | 340 | 340 | 340 |
| Total cloud cover, octa | 8 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 8 |

C. Agrometeorological Advisories

| Сгор | Stages | Problems | Agro-meteorological advisories | |
|--------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|--|--|
| | Light to Moderate Rainfall** | | | |
| General Condition | The temperature will remain high during the next five days also. The high atmospheric humidity will further increase the magnitude of heat. Hence soaring temperature will be experienced during the day time There is possibility for isolated low rainfalls in the afternoons. | | | |
| Weather warning | There will be slight (1 to 2 °C) decrease in maximum temperature in the days on 3rd to 7 th May 2025. Isolated rainfalls are expected in the district in the afternoons on these days. | | | |
| Impacts | Heavy water loss from the crops through increased evapo transpiration. | | | |
| | Sun scorching of leaves of the crops. (This will be more prominent on tender herbs and newly planted seedlings) | | | |
| | Chances for attack of sucking pests. | | | |
| | Direct exposure to sunlight may cause sunburn and injuries to human and animals. | | | |
| | Provide shade net for | vegetable crops and ensure irrig | gation. | |
| General Recommendati ons | ensured in the fields. | Clean the rain pits. Cover the | Hence maximum water harvesting should be soil with dried leaves, especially the basins closed after fertilizer application, can act as | |

| | very good water harvesting structures. Divert the runoff water to such tree basins by drawing furrows. | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | | drying the harvested produces de props to Nendran banana. | like seeds, cashew nuts, copra and rubber in | |
| | 1. Farmers are advised to not work in open places between the time, 11.0am to 3.0 pm. Drin sufficient water to avoid dehydration. | | | |
| | | wide mist spray of water system and fans in the cattle sheds. Give the livestock sufficient antity of drinking water intermittently | | |
| | 3. Irrigate the crop w | hen the water is available in th | e evening or early morning. | |
| | | basins. Arrange irrigation if num water use efficiency. | water is available. Adopt drip irrigation | |
| | | 1 | iration losses. Powder the soil to dust oil mulch to prevent evaporation loss of | |
| | 6. Well drained are cultivated. | as where lifesaving irrigation | n possible ragi and pearl millet can be | |
| | 7. Control sucking | pests; control/minimize the | insect and pest incidence with IPM. | |
| | 8. Repair and rejuv | venate local water bodies before the rainy season. | | |
| Paddy (Viruppu: First crop season) | Land preparation for broadcasting | While attaining desirable moisture level in soil, land preparations carstarted in places where broadcasting is preferred. | | |
| | | In rice fallows where transplanting is practiced during the fit organic manure seeds (Daincha, sunhemp, cowpea etc) can be sow this time. These can be harvested at its 45 days of growth, ju flowering. This will not only help in fixing nitrogen into the soil control the weeds growth in the fields. If there is sufficient soil at the time of harvest, incorporate them into the soil throu ploughing. Other wise use it for preparation of composts. | | |
| Various crops | Various stages | Sucking pests Sucking pests | To control the pests apply neem oil emulsion (5 ml. neem oil mixed in one litre of luke warm soap water solution) Or Apply malathion 50 EC @ 2 ml + neem oil 4ml per litre of water | |

| Coconut | All stages | Drought Management | Cut two green leaves from the bottom layer, to reduce the water loss from the tree. Apply compost/dried leaves in the basins to increase water holding capacity. Adopt drip irrigation. This will minimize the irrigation water loss. Take care of controlling of sucking pests; control/minimize the insect and pest incidence with IPM. |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| Banana | Various stages of growth | Yellowing of leaf/Sigatoka leaf spot etc. | As a profiliatic measure drench the plant basins with Pseudomonas solution (scale: 20 g Psudomonas/litre of water) |
| Okra | All stages | Yellow vein mosaic | Use disease free seed from the disease free area or healthy plant. Rogue out the infected plants. Place yellow sticky traps in the field or Spray Dimethoate 30EC (1.5 ml per litre of water |
| Chilli | All stages | White fly | Apply 2% neem oil+ garlic emulsion under the leaf surface at 10 days intervals. Spray Thiamethoxam @ 2gm/10litre of water. |
| Cowpea | Various stages | Red spider mite | Spray Spiromecifen 0.7 ml per litre on upper and lower sides of the leaves. |
| Animal Husbandry | All stages | Summer Stress | The rise in temperature will affect the thermoregulatory mechanism of dairy cattle. This will cause increase in body temperature, rapid shallow breathing, increased heart rate, profuse salivation, and reduced feed intake. This in turn results in severe production loss and |

| | | | reduced breeding efficiency in dairy cattle. Provide pure drinking water to the dairy cattle (45 to 60 litres of water), Allow grazing only during the cooler parts of the day. Provide shading. Shelter them in thatched roofings of minimum 9 ft. height with ample ventilation. Providing fans, misting and fogging assembly in cattle sheds will help them to regulate body temperature. Also ensure minerals fortified feeds. |
|-----|-----------------------|-------------|---|
| Cow | MMIIIkiiggstatgge Cow | pox Cow pox | This disease is caused by a virus, which affects the udder of milking cows. Initially small eruptions are formed on the affected udder. In later stages these eruptions rupture and wounds are formed. Due to pain the animals may not cooperate with milking. Mix boric acid with glycerin or coconut oil. Prepare this in a paste form and apply in the wounds. |

** Warning colour codes of rainfall (for disaster management)

| Warning (Take actions) | Alert (Be prepared) | Watch (Be updated) | No warning (No actions) |
|------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|
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| Sd/- |
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